## INCREASE IN X RETURNS AS RESULT OF PROBE

chmond Folk Volun-Triumphantly, Suffra- Passes Webb Liquor Bill Flood Certain He Did rily Correct Figures as to Income.

'AL STOCK DED TO BOOKS

t Not Reported by Tax-- Incomes Predomi-Amounts Given In arily Under Grand ury's Hints.

pany, \$6,000; Adams Grain and Provision Company, \$3,500; Arbuckle Bros., \$5,000; Borden Can Milk Company, \$1,800; Sam Bachrach, \$3,000; Defining Company Sugar Refining Company \$2,000; Federal Sugar Refining Com-pany, \$1,500; B. H. Howell & Son, pany, \$1,500; B. H. Howell & Son \$2,000; Kelley Toast Corn Flake Com pany, \$700; Woodruff Jones, treasurer \$2,500; Legon Investment Company ,000; Metzger Lead and Oil Company ,500; Mutual Provision Company, ,000; Warner Moore Company, \$25.

B. Pizzini Company, \$2,000; B. Pizzini Company, \$7,500; Pabst rewing Company, \$4,000; Portner Brewing Company, \$9,000; Postum Ce \$1,500; Proctor ny, \$500; Rumf Jamblo Company, \$500; Rumford Chemical Works, \$1,500; Frances B. Scott, \$60,400; O. W. Thurm Company, W. Thurm Company ,000; Chasie Traileri, \$500; Warner igar Refining Company, \$1,500. in incorporated

companies not otherwise taxed be owned by the following persons and not listed voluntarily for taxation. Dr. Alex. Bear, \$8,000; F. W. Scarbor-\$20,000; Frances B. Scott

Many Incomes Reported

Turning to the assessments given in voluntarily after the grand jury had been impaneled by Judge Richardson and instructed to make its probe, and upon the invitation of that body with the hint that It would be best to come across, it is to be noted that the greatest ambunt given in was for income taxation. This is easily explainable when it is recalled that in its campaign for tax reform. The Times-Dislast autumn printed the com plete income returns for the ence to incomes, and, no doubt, many people to recall their and misunderstandings of the law in Of the total amount of taxes which

in Richmond who voluntarily added to their assessments while the comes from income tax. The sum \$3.297.50 comes from items und schedule C, including money, stock schedule C, including money, stocks, honds and choses in action, while \$120.57 comes from tax on intangible

\$120.57 comes from tax on intangible personal property and \$344.32 from the tax on tangible personalty.

Money on Deposit.

Among the money on deposit given in by the taxpayers are the following items: John P. Branch. \$200,000; Ellen D. Boykin, \$15.720; J. K. Jones, \$9,000; J. T. Parkinson, \$9.711; Mrs. W. B. Tennant, \$22,460. It will be recalled that last year Mr. Branch gave in \$212,000 as his income, far in excess of that reported by any other citizen of Virginia. Thomas F. Ryan was second, with \$152,000.

Capital stock employed was volun-

Capital stock employed was volun

tarily reported by Straus-Gunst & Co. to the amount of \$25,000, and by the Williams Printing Company to the amount of \$27,500 The following individuals came and reported their inc. in 182,000 the year, so used on Seventi ir ex-

## "GENERAL" JONES | SENATE QUICKLY LEADS HER ARMY INTO WASHINGTON

gette Hikers Sweep Up Pennsylvania Ave.

DEMONSTRATION

Large Items of Money on Police Force Path. Through President Bases His Disapproval Announces His Retirement From Cheering Mobs for Weary, Footsore Marchers to Complete Historic Journey From New York in Interest of Votes for Women.

> Washington, February 28 .- "General" Rosalle Jones and her suffrage "army" shortly before noon, to-day, through the Capitol Grounds and down Penn-sylvania Avenue, with an escort of lofairly choked the streets and delayed tranic. It was one of the most remarkable street demonstrations ever markable street demonstrations ever seen here, when the plucky, disheveled band of suffrage pilgrims swung wearily around the Peace Monument for the final march of the 250 mile well for nal march of the 250-mile walk for

> ceived more clamorous applause than did the company of brown-clad wo-men, huddled in a little group, forced men, huddled in a little group, lorced to fight their way through veritable walls of shouting humanity for more than a mile of their historic "hike." In every block they were halted repeatedly, the crowds greeting them with tempestuous demonstration. Though no brass band heralded the survivors, who seventeen days ago left New York. who seventeen days ago left New York for the advance on Washington, a bed-lam of sound rent the air from the moment the "hikers' were in sight of the capital until they were jammed into a struggling mass of wen, women, automobiles and carriages before suffrage begdenarters. headquarters.
>
> Make Way Through Mob.

> Make Way Through Mob.
>
> When the Trensury was reached, so dense was the mob that the police with great difficulty cleared a narrow pathway through which the marchers could pass to the crowning glory of their achievement at suffrage headquarters. Here, as soon as she could get her breath, "General" Jones, lifted by staiwart attendants to an automobile, ad-

on deposit was discovered seed against the following Maurice A. Powers, \$300: Sloan, \$600; Frances B. Scott, had been a misunderstanding over who should deliver the suffrage message to

The antisuffragists confined their principal activity to-day to a big massmeeting, held in one of the local thea-

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, of New York, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, presided. The speakers were Mrs. John Martin and Miss Minnie Bronson. New York, and Miss Lucy J. Price, Cleve-

Real progressivism is opposed to woman suffrage, said Mrs. Martin. To override the veto in the House. Represay that "women's place is in the home, sentative Clayton, of Alabama, will and mean it to-day," she asserted, "is and mean it to-day," she asserted, "is the highest type of progressivism. Economic independence was a gold brick which was sold to woman. Women have accepted the bondage of work, and have placed their neck under the yoke, calling it freedom. To-day they are trying to sell their birthright for a mess
jority. of political pottage."

"It has been worth while," said "General" Jones, the "army's" commanding eral" Jones, the "arwy's" commanding officer, slim, girlish, a little shy and with brave gray eyes. "It has been worth all it has cost, the hardships and privations, the disappointments, footache and maybe at times a little heartache." She stopped to wave her hand filled with red roses presented at the cheering crowd.

suffrage propaganda doesn't go. encourages me most is that the chil-dren are interested. The boys were dren are interested earnest and respectful, and we could see that the march was making a deep impression upon them. We have set people thinking, and when every one

Continued on Seventh Page.

# SHOWS DISLIKE OF TAFT'S ACTION

Over His Veto by Vote of 63 to 21.

MEASURE COMES

on Ground That It Is in Violation of Constitution, His Message Following Findings of Attorney-General. Webb's Bitter Criticism.

President Taft's veto within two hours disapproval had been laid before

tion to postpone action until to-morrow, and in which they reaffirmed their belief that the measure is con-stitutional, ended with the repassage

wart attendants to an automobile, addressed the crowd. Shouting through a megaphone the message of equal suffrage, and giving thanks for the end of the long and hazardous tramp of the long and hazardous tramp of the long and hazardous tramp of the throug, promising to "talk you to death" before she left Washington.

For twenty minutes the "hikers" waited in the street until the police could disperse the crowd, when they were rushed into the office of the suffrage workers, whence they were taken to hotels for a rest before lunched.

Senators Paynter and Percy advocated support of President Taft'z veto. The vote follows:

To override the grounds upon which Congress had passed the prohibition law. He said it had not attempted to give the States the right to interfere with commerce, but had simply declared liquor an "outlew" under which it might enter interstate commerce. Senator Kenyon also brief-support of President Taft'z veto. The vote follows:

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To override the President's veto:

The marchers were greatly relieved when informed of the receipt of a telegram from the national suffrage head quarters announcing regret that there had been a misunderstanding over who should deliver the suffrage message to president Elect Wilson. "General" Johnston, Johnston, Johnston, Jones, Kavanagh, Kenyon, Burdon, Chamberlain, Chilton, Clapp, Clark (Arkansas), Crawford, Culberson, Cullom, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingiam, Dixon, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingiam, Dixon, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingiam, Dixon, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingiam, Dixon, General" Johnston, Jones, Kavanagh, Kenyon, Johnston, Jones, Kavanagh, Kenyon, Martin, Borah, Brady, Briston, Chamberlain, Chilton, Clamberlain, Chilton, Chamberlain, Chilton, Chamberla (Arizona), Smith (Georgia), Smith, (Maryland), Smith (Michigan), Smith (South Carolina), Smoot, Swanson, Thomas, Thoraton, Tillman, Townsend, Webb, Williams, Works—Total, 63.

To sustain the President: Bradley, Brandegee, Catron, Crane, Dupont, Foster, Guggenheim, McLean, Martine, O'Gorman... Paynter, Penrose, Pervy, Perkins, Pomerene, Richardson, Root, Stephenson, Sutherland, Warren, Wetmore—Total, 21.
Efforts will be made to-morrow to

Why He Vetoed It. Questions of constitutionality were time President's chief consideration in

After giving this proposed enact-"After giving this proposed enactment full consideration," wrote the President in his veto message, "I believe it to be a violation of the interstate commerce clause of the Constitution in the it. tution, in that it is in substance and or to family effect a delegation by Congress to the been urgent. States of the power of regulating in

At the right, and two or three platoons behind, walked "Colonel" Ida terly from this pipposition. The oath n Third Page.)

#### Here Is Latest Cabinet Slate

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, Februa 28.—Two or three Democrate Senators, among them Senator Gore, discussed to-night the following (public slate, which they said was a fairly accurate forecast of President-Fleet Wilson's Cabi-

Secretary of State-W. J. Bryan. Secretary of the Trendury—W. H. McAdoo.
Attorney-General—J. C. McReynolds.
Secretary of War—Colonel George W. Goethals.

Secretary of the Navy—Josephus Dandels.

Postmaster-General—Albert S. Burleson.

Secretary of the Interior—E. W. Norris, of Montain.

Secretary of Agriculture—Obedinh Gardner.

Secretary of Commerce—Louis D. Brandels.

Secretary of Labor—Representative W. B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania.
While this list does not entirely square with information coming from Trenton, the Senstors who promulgated it say the Cabinet still is in a full state, and that changes in possibilities are made almost hourly.

It is known definitely that Mr. Wilson has ankyd Attorney-General It is known definitely that Mr. Wilson has anked Attorney-General Wickersham to turn over all the information in his possession to Chancellor Walker, of New Jersey, and from this it is taken that Walker, and not McReynolds, will be Wickersham's successor.

A strong aght is being made for locthais for the arr portfolic. Daniels has been promised a Cabinet place, and may get the vy. although it has been promised at the President-select by many in

been pointed out to the President-elect by many in Lewis Nixon would be a far better choice. lal Democrats that

Representative Burleson prose to make a mand was loudly cheered by all the mer there on loe," as the next Postaster-General. He made the appliquee.

the House to-day including "Uncle

#### WILSON TAKES NO HAND IN CONTEST FOR LEADERSHIP

Not Influence Martin's Withdrawal.

VIRGINIAN LEAVES IS REMARKABLE UP IN HOUSE TO-DAY FIELD TO OPPONENT

> Contest, and John W. Kern Will Be Next Chairman of Democratic Caucus in Senate-Contest for Reorganization Not Yet Ended.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] the withdrawal of Senator Martin from the fight for chairmanship of the Senate caucus. Of this I am positively certain. Senator, Martin is not here now, and without his permission I would not feel at liberty to discuss the matter further, but I am sure that he will bear me out in the statement that 3r. Wilson had nothing to do with

row, and in which they realized their hellef that the measure is consisted to the bill by the large majority of 63 to 21.

The Webb bill passed both houses of Congress, and went to the President ten days ago. His veto message reached the Senate at 3 o'clock to-day, accompanied by an opinion from Attorney-General Wickersham. Basing his decision upon the Attorney-General the belief that the measure was clearly unconstitutional, because it gave the States the right to interfere with interstate commerce.

The Senate took up the bill at once. Attorney-General Wickersham's opinion was not read, and Senator Kern asked that a final vote on the opportunity to examine the Attorney-General's arguments. A motion made by Mr. Kern to postpone the vote until 12 o'clock to-morrow was defeated, 71 or 9.

(Frounds Misconstrued.

Senator McCumber declared both the President and the Attorney-General's arguments. A motion made by Mr. Kern to postpone the vote until 12 o'clock to-morrow was defeated, 71 or 9.

(Frounds Misconstrued.

Senator McCumber declared both the President and the Attorney-General had misconstrued the grounds upon which Congress had passed the prohibition law. He said it had not attempted to give the States the right to interfere with commerce, but had simply declared liquer am "oullew" and had then prescribed conditions under which it might enfer interstate of the bill; while senator Paynter and Percy advocated. evidences that the contest for control of the Senate organization is not end-ed. The chief point of contention re-maining is that involving the seniority rule in filling committee places, and the demand of the reorganization forces that places on all of the important committees be disturbed without re-Senator Martin's withdrawal was interpreted by many of the Senate leaders to-day to be an assurance that the cratic vice-presidential candidate four years ago, is believed to be in accord with Mr. Wilson's views on most public questions, while Senator Martin, notwithstanding his support of the Baltimore platform, has been considered by the reorganization forces as a conservative.

#### ACTION CAUSES SURPRISE

Virginia Senator's Opponents Rejoice at Apparent Defeat. Mixed feelings were experienced by Democrats of Richmond yesterday at the news that Senator Thomas S. Martin has decided not to be a candidate next Wednesday for re-election as chairman of the Senate Democratic caucus, which position he has held past two years. It carries with it the leadership of the party in that

Friends of Senator Martin were inclined to be blue over the matter, feeling that his decision is a serious blow to his prestige in the councils of the nation. They say that it will be a They say that it will be personal relief to him, since as leader he has been glued to his seat for two years, unable to attend to personal or to family matters that have often

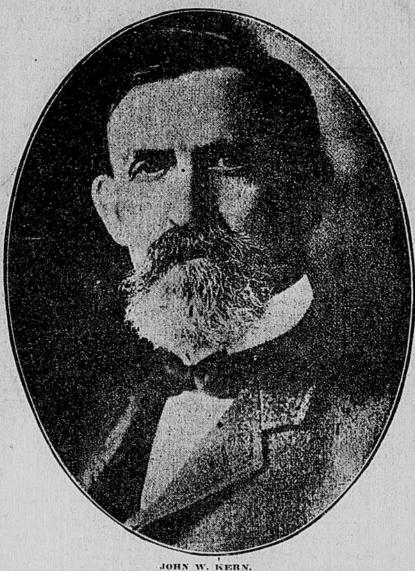
States of the power of regulating interstate commerce in liquors which is vested exclusively in Congress.

"It is said that this is a question with which the executive of members of Congress should not burden themselves to consider or decide. It is said that should be 1 ft to the Supreme the organization which has been his Court whether the proposed activities. His opponents are overjoyed at what be the entering wedge in destroying the organization which has been his

Think Wilson Is Factor. Wilson, either directly or through representatives, has taken a hand in the matter. Up to three days ago Senor Martin felt sure of re-election, spite of the defection of Senators ator Martin felt Simmons. of North Carolina, and Clarke, of Arkansas, and his supporters claimed twenty-one certain piedges against fifteen for Senator Kern, leaving the Virginian the smaller num-ber to secure from unpledged men. At that time it seemed a certainty that the President-clect had not acted, since Senator Martine and Senator-Eelect Hughes, of New Jersey, both of whom were directly elected through the Wilson support, and who are his admirers, were for Senator Martin as against Senator Kern. Richmond peo-ple are new convinced that there has been a change in the situation, and that Mr. Wilson determined to espouse Senator Kern's cause. This, it is sup-posed, he did from the desire to have as party leaders men who he feels will carry out his policies without either direct or tacit opposition. Naturally, a President's wishes are

respected in such a matter, and if he Continued on Seventh Page.

Next Democratic Leader in Senate



#### FIRST INAUGURAL CEREMONY IS OVER

Marshall Are Received in

Washington.

SIMPLICITY

Given Evidently Is to

His Liking. ington to-day ready to become Vice-President of the United States at noon next Tuesday. Coming directly from tomac Railroad was taken yesterday Trenton and conferences with President-Elect Wilson, the Vice-President-payment of taxes agreed upon and for to-be found a welcome at the clay the proposed amendments to the charnew Senate will be organized in har- gates to his liking, there being no the proposed amendments to the charmony with the new administration. ostentation marking this ceremony of the inaugural program-to jar his oft- Mann affixed his signature as a mem-

> future Vice-President was met at the railroad station by a committee of In the presidential suite at the station it.

Henry T. Rainey, W. R. Smith, D. V. Stephens, Edward W. Saunders and William B. Wilson and the following citizens: Alexander Graham Bell, Louis Bennett, E. C. Graham, William D. Hoover, John B. Henderson, Jr. Dr. Ralph Jenkins, John A. Johnston, Robert Lansing, R. V. Oulaham, Walter S. Penfield, Henry C. Perkins, Myron M. Parker, the Rev. C. Ernest Smith, James Brown, Scott, Dr. William Taylor Thom, George Truesdell, Robert In Thom, George True

Plans for a dinner to-night with I- Marshall and members of the Indiana Society as guests, were aban-doned and the Vice-President-elect spent the evening quietly at his hotel. Both sides feel that President-Elect members of the inaugural committee turned their attention to completing Wilson necessitated quick action, and served as an indication that he is to announce his Cabinet very shortly, and that he plans also to name a Secretary of the Department of Labor, created by the bill now awaiting President Taft's

The President-elect requested that ten seats be reserved on the floor of (Continued on Third Page.)

#### Uncle' Horace Predicts Inauguration Storm

Middletown, Conn., February 28 .-"Uncle" Horace Johnson, the aged weather prophet, who predicted the storm at President Taft's lunuguration four years ago, when Chief Willis Moore and the other weather sharps promised a fair day, has sent word to Woodrow Wilson advising him to take his fur cost with him to Washington, as in all probability he will have to wear it next Tues-

day. Horace, who is in his "Uncle" Horace, who is in his Via R. F. & P. R. R. account inauguration.
On rate March 1, 2.5 and for trains due washington by 1 P. M. March 4. Return limit Warch 8. Tickets good on all trains, including Special Train leading Fibs 1, 12.7 and 1. Returning same high.

## TAX COMPROMISE SIGNED BY STATE

Vice-President-Elect and Mrs. R., F. & P. Agrees to Pay Interest on Sum Pending Final Settlement.

NOTABLE WILL BE TESTED IN COURTS

No Ostentation and Welcome Stockholders Will Not Ratify Agreement Until Decision

R. Marshall, of Indiana, reached Wash- the tax dispute between the State and expressed ideas of Jeffersonian sim- ber of the special commission repre-

In the presidential suite at the state of the con-a brief informal reception took place. The hitch over the terms of the con-Harry B. F. McFarland, chairman of tract was on the subject of interest. The hitch over the terms of the con- practices, that in many cases an Imthe reception committee, welcomed the guests on behalf of the city, and in on the basis of a settlement at that when the agreement was made it was on the character and motives of turn Senator Kern and Representative Lincoln Dixon, of Indiana, received them on behalf of Congress, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall were then escorted by Senator Kern and Mr. MacFarland to the hotel where they are to make their home.

Members of Committee.

Other members of the reception on the basis of a settlement at that date. When, however, as told exclusionality of the hotel where they are to make their home.

Members of Committee.

Other members of the reception on the basis of a settlement at that date. When, however, as told exclusionality of the legislative act under which the legislative act under which the agreement was reached, the matter of interest on the money became a factor. This led to further negotiations back and forth. It was finally decided that the railroad shall pay to the State, and to the localities, interest at the character and motives of leading bankers which is altogether unfair. A sentiment has been created throughout the country against Wall Street, and many of our good citizens do not realize what it means that New Jork has become one of the world's leading money markets, and that the hanks of New York and their associates are now able to handle large transactions which they were unable to handle only a few years since."

Mr. Memorran declared the proposed scheme for regulating stock exchanges Owen, Claude A. Swanson and Morris State, and to the localities, interest at Sheppard: Representatives John J. the rate of 3 per cent for the next scheme for regul w. S. Hammond, Joseph T. Johnson, until final payment. This, it is expecthenry T. Rainey. W. R. Smith, D. V. Stephens, Edward W. Saunders and in the courts.

Attorneys will now proceed at once Attorneys will now proceed at once to seek legal action, to set at rest the constitutional points raised by Auditor Moore and by the one dissenting stockholder who voted against the compromise and the surrender of tax exemption. It is supposed an injunetion against the payment of the money will be filed in the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, which has jurisdiction in State cases, by some friendly stockholder. Both sides will be presented to the court. An appeal is almost certain to be taken to the Supreme Court, so that all matters may be set at rest May Decide in March.

next Tuesday, adjourns its March term. Should the courts decide that the act of the last Legislature, which authorized a compromise of the tax disagreement, is constitutional, another meet ing of the stockholders will be held, at which the contract signed yesterday will be ratified. The money will then be paid over, with interest. If the act is determined to be in conflict with the section of the Constitution which forbids the acceptance of any claim due the State in less amount than the actual sum payable, negotiations for compromise will be at an end, and the suit in the Supreme Court of the United States will be pushed to a conclusion.

Industrial development of the country. But the bank reserve system, it is further contended, concentrates a large part of the funds of the smaller banks in the only public money market of the country. New York, where a group of men there have strengthened their interests in the various banking institutions. The report said:

"If, therefore, by a money trust is meant an ostablahed and well defined identity and community of interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings, interest hetween a few leaders of finance which has been created, and is held to gether through stockholdings.

#### AWARD TO NEWPORT NEWS CO.

Battleship Pennsylvania Will Be Conarructed for \$7.260,000,
[Special to The Ulmes-Dispatch I Albert of the control of and credit in the hands of a control of the construction of the hattleship Pennsylvania, one of the largest to the world to the Newport News

# MONEY OCTOPUS REALLY EXISTS

Believes Financial Trust Is Dangerous to Country.

### PRESENTS BILLS FOR ITS CURBING

Two Minority Reports Are Submitted, One Merely Finding Too Much Concentration of Wealth, the Third Flatly Disagreeing and Regretting False Light Shed.

Washington, February 28 .- Three livergent reports were presented to the House to-day by the members of he committee which conducted the money trust" investigation.

The majority report, signed by balrman Pujo and the six other Democratic members of the committee, cratic members of the committee, found that a "money trust" exists, according to their understanding of the term. This report names as the "most active agents in bringing about the concentration of money and credit," J. P. Morgan & Co., First National and National City Bunks, and Kubn, Loeb & Co., of New York; Lee Higginson and Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Hoston. Two bills accompanied the report, one forbidding the use of the mails to stock exchanges which fall to observe prescribed stringent regulations as to the conduct of their business and the other prescribing rigid rules or the other prescribing rigid rules for the conduct of national banks, their officers

conduct of national banks, their omcers and clearing house associations to which they belong.

This report is substantially in accord with the conclusions presented to the committee by Samuel Unterpoyer dounge!

Dangerous Concentration.

The first minority report, signed by Representatives Hayes, of California Heald, of Delaware, and Guernsey, of Maine, Republicans, set forth that the investigation "has not disclosed the existence of any so-called money, trust," but added, "It has, however, disclosed a dangerous concentration of credit in New York City, and to some extent in Boston and Chicago." "While agreeing substantially with

"While agreeing substantially with the majority," said the report, "on many of the abuses to be included in the financial system, the atock exchange and the olearing house associations, the undersigned have doubts as to the wisdom of some of the remedies proposed by the majority."

This report further sets forth the belief that before definitely recommending any remedial legislation, testimony should be taken covering more

timony should be taken covering more fully the effect of the various changes in the laws that have been suggested.

in the laws that have been suggested.

Flat Disagreement.

An individual minority report filed by Representative Memorran, of Michigan, Republican, was a flat, detailed disagreement with the recommendations and findings of the majority.

"While I believe that attention has been called to grave deficiencies in

Accompanied by Mrs. Marshall, the uture Vice-President was met at the allroad station by a committee of city Officials of the road have signed been made to show the reasonable and been made to show the reasonable and commendable explanations of these scheme for regulating stock exchanges

"drastic and unwarranted," and there was "no real evil" in interlock-

control the small savings in the banks important and conspleuous

enterprises. This is substantially what has been accomplished and fairly represents the listing conditions. What is hey Trust:

The great bank banker "with access to the mainstrings of the concentrated resources of securities now demanded by the commercial and May Decide in March.

It is hoped to have some end to the litigation before the court, which meets next Tuesday, adjourns its March term, Should the courts decide that the act

dustrial corporations, and which has resulted in a vast and growing con-